Preliminary Project Briefing for CST IB Students

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For students reading Part II in 2020–2021

(With thanks to all prior project briefing officers for slides)

Next year you submit a dissertation

Worth one paper

Which is a quarter of your total marks!

So what kind of project can I do?

Here are some titles from prior years

- Software IPv6 Router In Rust
- ► An Optimising Compiler from Haskell to Java Bytecode
- Removing gender bias from word embeddings
- Implementing a Dependently Typed Language
- A Secure USB Keyboard

Aims of the project

The main goals are to

- Demonstrate computer science skills
- Design, implement, test something substantial
- Select suitable methods and tools
- Prepare a convincing report

In addition to

- Demonstrate ability to select appropriate
 - Languages, techniques, algorithms, tools, data structures, etc
- Demonstrate understanding of the project's area
 - Professional use of appropriate standard algorithms, tools, etc
 - Relationship to computer science
 - Awareness of standard results & literature
 - Avoid inadvertently re-inventing the wheel

CST project timetable

Also, to show ability to

- Prepare a well-structured and readable document
- Demonstrate technical writing skills
- Prepare a report that convinces its readers that stated objectives are achieved

Start of Michaelmas term Formal project briefing A fortnight later Proposal deadline February Progress report Early May Dissertation deadline

Key people

Supervisor

- > You need to find someone to supervise your project
- You will likely meet with them weekly during term

Overseers

> You will be assigned two overseers to guide you at key times

Directors of Studies

- Your DoS can help advise on projects and supervisors
- And will also take a keen interest in your progress!

Overseers

Overseers help plan the project and monitor progress

- The briefing officer (i.e. me!) assigns two per student
- They oversee selection and approval of
 - A suitable project
 - Its plan
- They check requirements are satisfiable
 - Computing equipment to be used
 - Other special equipment or resources
 - ▶ IPR, human experiments and other legal obligations
- Liaise with your DoS, especially mid-project

The briefing officer will help if you have problems with your overseers

The main sources of project ideas are

- Your own (moderated) ideas
- Supervisors and Directors of Studies
- Suggestions on the projects webpage
- Previous years' projects
- Industry

In order to get your proposal accepted, you must

- Have a named project supervisor
- Ensure both your overseers are happy
- Obtain written permission for special resources and experiments
 - E.g. tests using human subjects

Content, narrative and evaluation

Content

- Choose something with significant technical content
- Ideally implement some complex algorithm
- Do not do something big yet simple

Narrative

- Choose something interesting
- Phrase a question or two at the outset
- Answer the questions in the conclusion

Evaluation

- Choose a project amenable to structured evaluation
- 'It worked according to plan' is not sufficient
- Components ideally separately testable
- Composition ideally evaluatable using several metrics

Use appropriate tools

Think about tools carefully

- Need a parser: use a parser generator
- Need to optimise in multiple dimensions: use a hill-climbing library
- Need to solve NP problem: use a standard SAT solver
- ▶ Need to visualise networks: output via dot

Many projects are done in Java or C++,

- ▶ But consider OCaml/F#, Scala or C#
- ► (Or Rust, Swift, Go, ...)

Use the long vacation to explore tools, libraries and languages

Equipment

Standard resource is the MCS facility

You can use other and/or non-standard equipment or libraries

Needs written permission from resource owner

Certainly use git or some other version control system

Relying **only** on your own PC is very risky

- Have a backup plan identifying a second PC or MCS
- Keep backups on MCS filespace or cloud server

After IB exams are done

- Look at old projects
 - Available in the online through the project web pages
- Read up background material
- Think about tools
 - Read documentation
 - Play with toy examples
- Start a project log book
 - A hard-back notebook is ideal

In short, no!

You must get approval from your overseers

And they may not give this approval

However, more importantly, your proposal defines a starting point

- This is the state of the world mid-October
- It does not matter whether someone else or you yourself did the previous work

FAQ

How much time should I spend on my project?

One paper's worth

What's the format of the dissertation?

- There will be more information in your formal project briefing in October
- But you can look at the project web pages and old projects to get an idea now

How can I prepare for my project?

- Think about potential projects
- Contact potential supervisors
- Arrive back in October with a proposal draft

Units of assessment

Those of you reading the 75% option take two Part II units of assessment

- Take note of the assessment dates and include them in your project plan
- Session timetables will have hardly any clashes with other Part II material
 - So there is a good chance you can attend sessions you are not registered for
 - (But seminar and practical class space may be limited)
- Bear in mind that these may involve extra coursework alongside your dissertation
 - Plan when you'll do unit work vs project work

The project web page is

https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/teaching/projects/

Here you'll find links to:

- These slides
- ► The pink book, your project bible
- Project suggestions

Any questions, any time, please ask

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That's it

See you next year!

Virtually, if not otherwise